



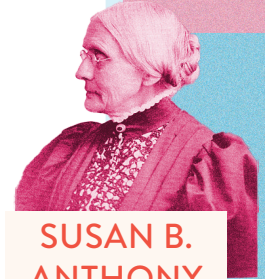
ELLA FITZGERALD



JUSTICE KETANJI  
BROWN JACKSON



HELEN KELLER



SUSAN B.  
ANTHONY

*March is*

**WOMEN'S**

**HISTORY**

**MONTH**



BESSIE BLOUNT  
GRIFFIN



IDA B. WELLS

PIONEERS OF THE

*Women's Movement*

*"If the first woman God ever made was strong enough to turn the world upside down all alone, these women ought to be able to turn it back, and get it right side up again!"*

— SOJOURNER TRUTH



SOJOURNER TRUTH



DR. MABEL  
PING-HUA LEE



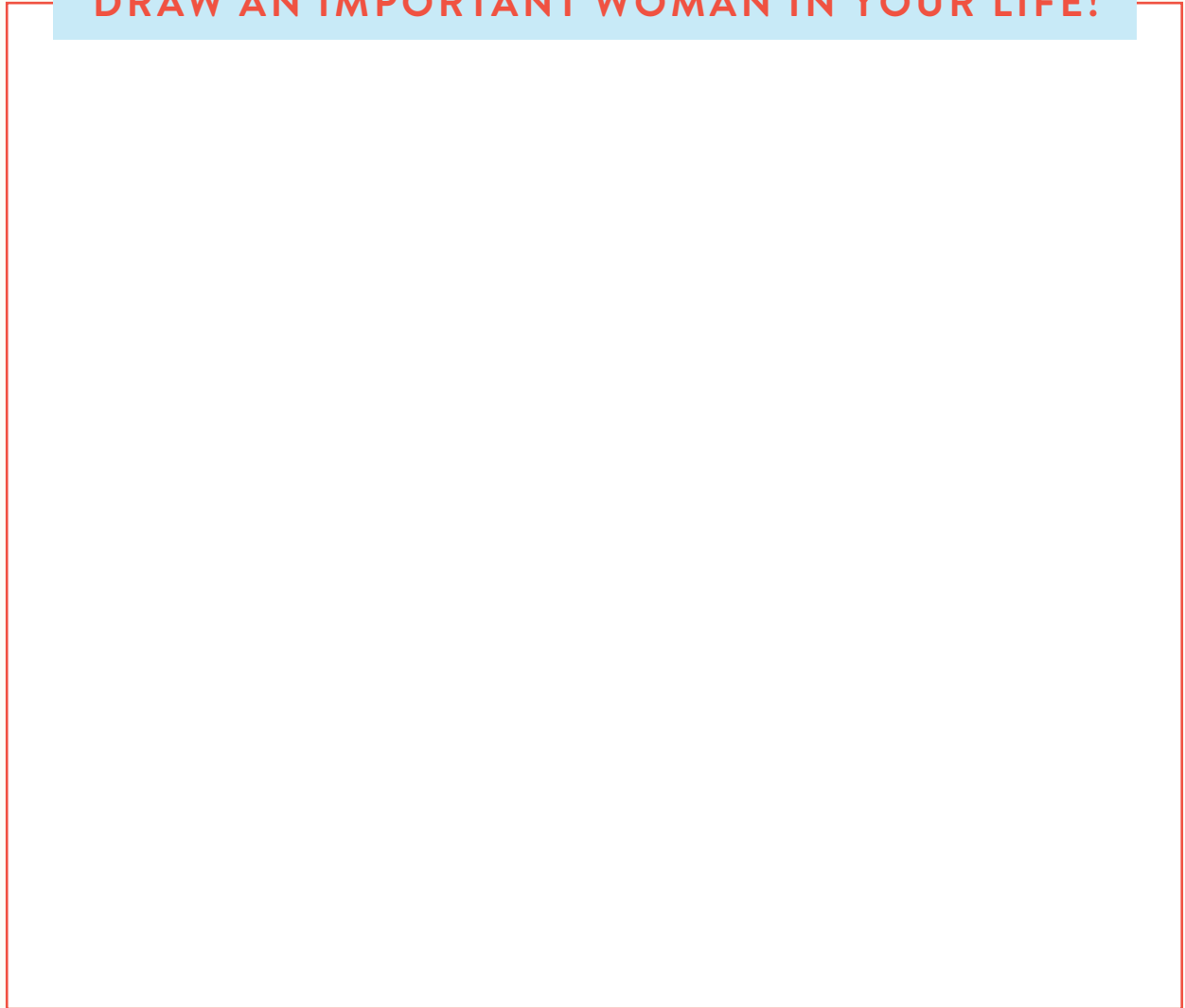
DOLORES HUERTA

*Courtesy of Assembly Member*

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**DRAW AN IMPORTANT WOMAN IN YOUR LIFE!**



*Who did you draw?* \_\_\_\_\_

*Why is she important to you?* \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



Jumble solutions: 1. Amendment 2. Supreme Court 3. Suffragist 4. Abolition 5. Farm Workers 6. Activist 7. Women's Rights 8. Convention  
Crossword answers: DOWN 1. Rifton 2. Wells 3. United 4. IWW • ACROSS 1. Exclusion 2. American 3. Fitzgerald

## Pioneers of the *Women's Movement*



### **SOJOURNER TRUTH** (c. 1797 – 1883)

Born in Rifton, New York, Sojourner Truth traveled the country delivering passionate speeches against the evils of slavery and advocated for suffrage. She delivered her famous “Ain’t I a Woman?” speech at the Women’s Rights Convention in Akron, Ohio, in 1851.

### **SUSAN B. ANTHONY** (1820 – 1906)

One of the most prominent suffragists in U.S. history, Susan B. Anthony advocated for abolition and suffrage, founded the National American Woman Suffrage Association with Elizabeth Cady Stanton and was integral in the passage of the 19th Amendment, which was named the Susan B. Anthony Amendment in her memory.



### **BESSIE BLOUNT GRIFFIN** (1914 – 2009)

Bessie Blount Griffin was a pioneer in the field of medical science. As a physical therapist, she helped rehabilitate countless World War II veterans who had lost limbs and needed to relearn skills. She also invented game-changing assistive devices to help them regain independence, including the first electric device allowing amputees to feed themselves without assistance. Outside of her medical career, she wrote columns for African American newspapers and worked as a forensic scientist.

### **HELEN KELLER** (1880 – 1968)

Helen Keller, who lost her vision and hearing before her 2nd birthday, was a self-described “militant suffragette” and labor activist. She participated in the 1913 Woman Suffrage Procession in Washington, D.C., joined the radical Industrial Workers of the World (IWW) and supported expanding access to birth control.



### **DR. MABEL PING-HUA LEE** (c. 1896 – 1966)

Born in Guangzhou, China, Dr. Mabel Ping-Hua Lee moved to New York City at age 11 and joined the suffrage movement, despite the fact that the Chinese Exclusion Act barred most Chinese immigrants from voting until 1943. She led a 10,000-person parade for women’s suffrage in New York City in 1912 on horseback and wrote feminist essays for *The Chinese Students’ Monthly*.



### **JUSTICE KETANJI BROWN JACKSON** (1970 – )

Born in Washington, D.C., Ketanji Brown Jackson earned her juris doctor degree from Harvard Law School in 1996, completed three prominent federal clerkships and had a successful career as a public defender. In 2022, she was appointed the first Black woman to serve on the U.S. Supreme Court.

### **IDA B. WELLS** (1862 – 1931)

Ida B. Wells was a journalist and anti-lynching advocate who wrote extensively about the South and owned two newspapers. She was also a prominent suffragist for Black women, who founded the National Association of Colored Women and the Alpha Suffrage Club in Chicago, the latter of which was instrumental in the passage on the Illinois Equal Suffrage Act of 1913.



### **ELLA FITZGERALD** (1917 – 1996)

Throughout her decades-long career, jazz and swing singer Ella Fitzgerald established herself as an icon of American music. Dubbed “The First Lady of Song,” she was the first woman to win multiple Grammy awards and, in 1967, she became the first woman to receive the Grammy Lifetime Achievement Award. She worked to end segregation in the music industry, establishing and supporting many nonprofit organizations. In 1987, she was awarded the National Medal of Arts.



### **DOLORES HUERTA** (1930 – )

Dolores Huerta was a leader of the Community Service Organization (CSO), where she worked with Executive Director César Chávez to advocate for Hispanic workers and organize voter registration drives. The pair then founded the National Farm Workers Association, which merged with another group to form the United Farm Workers of America in 1966. She is still an active organizer, establishing the Dolores Huerta Foundation in 2003.





# PUZZLES & GAMES!

## JUMBLE!

The words below are all scrambled up. After reading about women in New York, can you figure them out? (Answers on page two)

1. DEMNATEMN

□□□□□□□□

2. PURMSEE CTOUR

□□□□□□□ □□□□□

3. RUGFISTAFS

□□□□□□□□□

4. TABOLNIOI

□□□□□□□□

5. MARF KORWSRE

□□□□ □□□□□□□

6. IVCTTIAS

□□□□□□□□

7. NOWES'M TRHIGS

□□□□□' □□□□□□□

8. TONEVNIONC

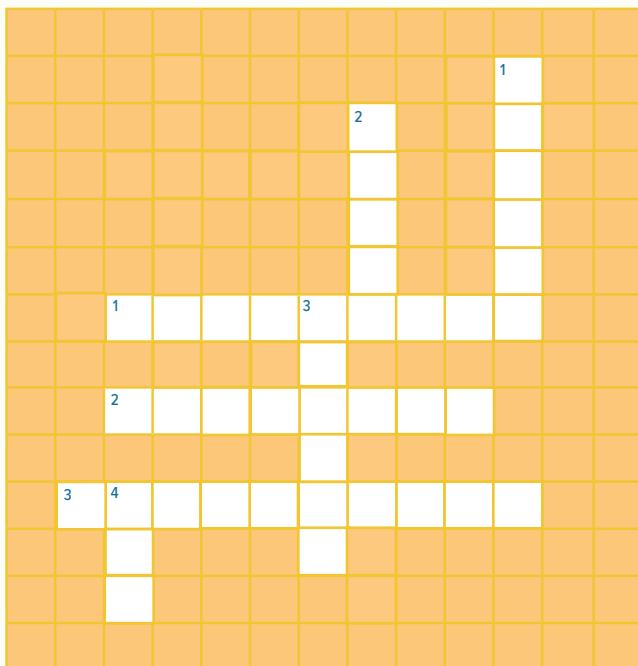
□□□□□□□□□

## WORD SEARCH!

Find the following words hidden in the puzzle below:

TRUTH • HUERTA • EQUALITY • RIGHTS • JACKSON  
ANTHONY • GRIFFIN • WELLS

S	A	K	C	O	P	L	E	L	W	A	B	T	N	M
W	X	J	A	C	K	S	O	N	M	I	U	N	O	Q
N	H	U	E	R	T	A	Y	I	S	T	R	Q	F	F
E	B	N	M	L	E	E	R	A	X	T	O	P	M	O
Y	S	A	B	C	J	U	Z	Q	R	A	R	T	I	E
G	D	M	T	L	A	M	O	V	S	R	F	Y	K	P
R	N	H	S	R	E	V	I	Y	E	D	B	I	R	D
I	A	U	A	N	U	F	Y	T	W	A	E	H	A	M
F	M	T	C	T	E	T	N	A	P	J	A	K	T	O
F	E	R	K	W	I	O	H	C	N	G	T	U	E	B
I	A	M	Y	L	Y	T	O	M	W	T	W	X	U	M
N	B	O	A	P	G	S	B	I	S	S	H	G	R	O
D	U	U	R	U	H	O	E	X	O	A	R	O	E	A
A	Q	P	F	R	I	G	H	T	S	E	G	R	N	N
E	I	P	D	A	Z	A	W	E	L	L	S	G	A	Y



(Answers on page two)

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE!

### DOWN

1. Birthplace of Sojourner Truth
2. Founder of the Alpha Suffrage Club in Chicago
3. \_\_\_\_\_ Farm Workers of America
4. Abbreviation of the labor organization that Helen Keller joined

### ACROSS

1. Law that prevented Chinese Americans from voting until 1943: Chinese \_\_\_\_\_ Act
2. National \_\_\_\_\_ Woman Suffrage Association
3. "The First Lady of Song"