Source: Citizens' Committee for	Children of New York Inc., 2013
Hispanic	Black
35.5%	25%
Of all children are Hispanic	Of all children are Bl
40.1%	33.1%
Of Hispanic children live below the FPL	Of Black children live below
4.8%	8.6%
Hispanic infants (per 1,000 Hispanic live births) die before their first birthday	Black infants (per 1,000 Black die before their first bir
15.4%	13%
Of Hispanic students drop out of high school	Of Black students drop out of
57.6%	31.4%
Of all teens giving birth are Hispanic	Of all teens giving birth a
27.4%	54.9%
Of children in foster care are Hispanic	Of children in foster care a
30.4%	65.3%
Of all youth in juvenile detention are Hispanic	Of all youth in juvenile detenti
Asian	White
11.1%	23.8%
Of all children are Asian	Of all children are Wh
26.3%	18.6%
Of Asian children live below the FPL	Of White children live below
3.4%	2.8%
Asian infants (per 1,000 Asian live births) die before their first birthday	White infants (per 1,000 Whit die before their first bir
6%	7.9%
Of Asian students drop out of high school	Of White students drop out of
2.4%	6.8%
Of all teens giving birth are Asian	Of all teens giving birth are
.7%	3.7%
Of children in foster care are Asian	Of children in foster care an
1.6%	1.6%
Of all youth in juvenile detention are Asian	Of all youth in juvenile detention

l children are Black 33.1%

ildren live below the FPL

(per 1,000 Black live births) ore their first birthday

ents drop out of high school

ns giving birth are Black

n in foster care are Black

juvenile detention are Black

White

children are White

18.6% hildren live below the FPL

2.8%

(per 1,000 White live births) re their first birthday

7.9%

ents drop out of high school

s giving birth are White

3.7%

n in foster care are White

Of all youth in juvenile detention are White

For more information about this or any other issue please contact my legislative director Guillermo Martinez at 518-455-5514.

PAUPERTAS: SUFFER THE LITTLE CHILDREN!



\$24,250 for a family of 4

If the consequences of living in a nation with alarming rates of poverty,

huge numbers of young and idle men, low educational attainment, and high levels of unskilled labor were non-threatening to our democracy and to civil society, then our lack of aggressive action towards eradicating indigence could be justified, even if immoral.

However, that is not the reality or the impact of these problems rooted in poverty! The relationship between poverty and the vast majority of our social ills is indisputable. Poverty destroys the soul, the mind, the body and communities. That is very clear in neighborhoods all across our State.

So Albany, we have a problem! Poverty rates for individuals, families, children and college educated youth are alarming. Family income has not kept pace with increasing costs of housing, health care and college tuition. To compound these problems, half of the residents of our state live in New York City, one of the most expensive metropolises on the planet. Another 25% live in three surrounding counties with the highest property taxes in the nation.

Poverty has become synonymous with income and wage inequality. The gap between the wealthiest New Yorkers and the neediest is wider than at any time in the history of our nation. In August of 2014, the U.S. Conference of Mayors warned us that these wage and income inequalities have become systemic and persistent. Their warning was clear: If allowed to continue these dynamics would threaten to dismantle the middle class, while also deteriorating our democratic principles.

No group in our state has been more harmfully impacted by the growth in poverty then our children. The statistics highlighting widespread child poverty across New York cannot be disputed. To highlight this fact, I have provided a map of our state to illustrate child poverty in all its pervasiveness.

If a picture tells a thousand words, then this map draws out the miserable existence of millions of our children!

Poverty: the state of one who lacks a usual or socially acceptable amount of money or material possessions; small means, humble circumstances, indigence

The U.S. Census defines family poverty level as

A Message from Assemblyman Marcos A. Crespo Chair, New York State Assembly Puerto Rican/Hispanic Task Force

CHILD POVERTY RATES BY GROUP IN NEW YORK STATE MAJOR CITIES

Rochester Latino	Syracuse 8.5% 4.9% 9.2%	2014, 3-years estimates) Utica Latino		Troy atino
Buffalo 1.atino 57.1% Black 58.1% White 26.1% Asian 69.4% Image: State of the stat	Latino Black White	Utica • Schenectady •	W	<pre>/hite</pre>